

Norðfjarðargöng

Jarðfræðirannsóknir

Viðauki A

Lýsingar á borkjörnum

Borholur EF-01 til EF-02 og NF-01 til NF-08

Holurnar voru boraðar 2007 og 2008



Nóvember 2008

Unnið fyrir Vegagerðina

Skýringar með kjarnaborholum / Legend for coreholes

Date Sept. 2012

Page **1** of **1**

Empl.



Design AgG/GG

Drawn AgG

Coord. X: Y: Elev.:

Driller X

Drilled x

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole - name of corehole	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
454,1	150	<p>All core was drilled with NQ triple tube core barrels Diameter of core 44,7 - 45 mm Hole diameter 75,7 mm</p> <p>Tholeiite basalt</p> <p>Olivine basalt</p> <p>Porphyritic basalt</p> <p>Scoria</p> <p>Dyke intrusions (subvertical)</p> <p>Tectonic breccia</p> <p>Sedimentary interbeds (fine grained)</p> <p>Sedimentary interbeds (coarse grained)</p> <p>Sedimentary interbeds pyroclastic - agglomerate</p> <p>Percussion drilling at top and complete core loss</p> <p>Core loss</p> <p>Rock magnetisation Normal / Reverse / Anomalous</p> <p>(N)/(R)/(A)</p> <p>UCS=55 MPa (Laboratory tested Uniaxial compressive strength)</p> <p>TS=5,5 MPa (Laboratory tested tensile strength)</p> <p>Conversion of PLI values to Apparent uniaxial compressive strength Apparent UCS values for Icelandic rock fit best to the formula: $UCS = 11 \times PLI^{1,2}$</p> <p>Apparent UCS may also be calculated as: For PLI 1-2 = PLI x 12 For PLI 2-4 = PLI x 14 For PLI 4-6 = PLI x 16 For PLI > 6 = PLI x 18</p> <p>UCS 10 MPa Uniaxial compressive strength, laboratory test</p> <p>NGI Rock classification system Qc Q-value as evaluated on core (not valid for measurements on blasted tunnel walls)</p> <p>Joint roughness</p> <p>Joint sets</p> <p>Joint alteration</p> <p>The joint water and SRF (stress reduction) parameters are evaluated as 1/1 in the boreholes</p> $Q_c = \frac{RQD}{J_n} \times \frac{J_r}{J_a} \times \frac{J_w}{SRF}$	150						
	152			152					
	154			154					
	156			156					
	158			158					
	160			160					
	162			162					
	164			164					
	166			166					
	168			168					
	170			170					
	172			172					
	174			174					
	176			176					
	178			178					
	180		180						
	182		182						
	184		184						
	186		186						
	188		188						
	190		190						
	192		192						
	194		194						
	196		196						
	198		198						
	200		200						

Core recovery and RQD is defined by rock units

Percentage of core pieces of over 10 cm, 30 cm, 50 cm and 100 cm continuous core length, indicating block sizes, within the same rock unit

NGI Rock classification system Qc - value as evaluated on core

Ground water table

Jarðfræðistofan Ehf JFS Geological services Ltd		Norðfjarðargöng			JFS-74	Drwg. A-1a			
Empl. VEGAGERÐIN		Eskifjörður Corehole EF - 01 0 - 45,3m			Date Feb 2008	Page 1 of 1			
		Coord. X: 732.421,5 Y: 518.460,3 Elev.: 37,39			Design AgG	Drawn TW / AgG			
					Driller RFS	Drilled Oct. 2007			
Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole EF - 01	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
37,4	0	The hole is located on a valley slope in Eskifjörður. Vertical hole. Percussion drilling and casing to 3 m	0						
	2		2						
34,4		NQ triple tube core drilling from 3 m depth. Core diameter 44,5mm.							
	4	Tholeiite basalt Light grey hard and strong rock. Vesicular and porous in the upper part. Approximately 10% to 15% vesicles, well-filled with zeolites. More massive, harder and denser downwards	4		100	70/0/0/0			
	6		6		100	86/65/17/0			
	8		8		100	95/67/57/57			
27,4	10		10		100	92/70/51/13			
	12	Extremely hard and dense tholeiite basalt with faint micropore flow banding. Some irregularly spaced joints, rough, undulating, and coated with light grey clay.	12		100	$Q = \frac{92}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
	14		14		100	97/86/76/0			
	16		16		100	96/78/78/0			
21,1	16		16		100	92/56/0/0			
	18	Sediment Tuffaceous siltstone - claystone, red brown very weak rock. The sediment breaks up and disintegrates during drilling and handling. Waxy surface on core Core loss 0,35m	18		79	16/0/0/0			
18,9	18		18		85	10/0/0/0			
	20		20		87	8/0/0/0			
	22	Scoriaceous basalt - Olivine basalt Medium to dark grey, very porous moderately strong rock. Approximately 5% to 10% vesicles, half-filled with zeolites and black clay	22		96	71/46/0/0			
	24		24		98	76/42/0/0			
	26		26		100	Qc = 5 - 13			
	28		28		100	$Q = \frac{76}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
	30		30		100	75/23/0/0			
12,1	26	Sediment Green very weak tuffaceous sandstone, Waxy surface on core	26		100	100/100/0/0			
11,9	26		26		100	0/0/0/0			
	28	Olivine basalt Dark grey very strong. Vesicular and porous at the top, 5% to 10% pores, all well-filled with zeolites	28		100	79/41/0/0			
	30	Massive olivine basalt with several irregularly spaced joints, rough, undulating, and coated with black clay	30		100	94/48/20/0			
	32		32		100	82/34/6/0			
	34		34		100	Qc = 5 - 14			
	36		36		100	$Q = \frac{82}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
2,4	34	Vesicular zone, 5% to 10% vesicles, filled with zeolites Sharp contact, possibly weak.	34		100	79/31/0/0			
1,6	36	Basaltic dyke Dark grey, fine grained, welded contacts Sharp contact, welded.	36		100	69/0/0/0			
0,2	36	Olivine basalt Dark grey, microporous, extremely strong rock	36		100	13/0/0/0			
	38	Zone of fractured rock probably caused by stress. Orange brown alteration of most joint walls down from 38 m depth, due to flow of thermal water. Alteration is up to 5 mm wide (2,5 mm from joint surfaces).	38		100	0/0/0/0			
-1,7	40	Massive microporous dark grey Olivine basalt, micropores filled with black clay	40		100	36/0/0/0			
	42		42		100	99/0/0/0			
	44		44		100	56/0/0/0			
	46		46		100	75/34/26/12			
	48		48		100	Qc = 5 - 13			
	50		50		100	$Q = \frac{75}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
	52		52		100	70/37/37/37			
	54		54		100	90/67/42/0			
-7,9	46	1cm of orange sediment at base	46						
	46	Bottom of hole 45,3 m on 18th October 2007	46						
	48		48						
	50		50						



1,3 LU
at
4,5 bar

Eskifjörður

Date Sept. 2012

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Empl. **VEGAGERÐIN**

Corehole EF - 02 0 - 50 m

Design AgG

Drawn AgG / TW

Coord. X: 732.621,9 Y: 518.524,3 Elev.: 60,62

Driller RFS

Drilled Nov 2007

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole EF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD %	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU)
						10 / 30 / 50 / 100			2,5 5,0 7,5
60,6	0	The hole is drilled vertically, located on steep slope near to rock outcrop. Probably red sediment (bedrock) at the top of the hole.	0						
	2	Percussion drilling with an odex bit, using 3,5" casing down to 6,0m depth, possibly surface of bedrock close to 4 m depth.	2						
	4	Core drilling, from 6,0m depth, NQ triple tube core drilling. Core diameter 44,5mm.	4						
54,6	6	Scoriaceous vesicular basalt Grey very strong. Vesicles up to 15% to 20%, mainly half-filled or well-filled with white zeolites, stilbite.	6		81	79/79/0/0			
	8	UCS=26,1 MPa	8		100	68/16/0/0			
	10	Tholeiite basalt - Olivine basalt Grey, very strong, microporous with faint micropore flow banding. Moderately jointed, joints irregularly spaced, rough, undulating, and coated with black and light grey stiff clay. The basalt is marginally Olivine-tholeiite basalt	10		99	84/53/22/0			
	12	UCS=109 MPa	12		100	91/77/48/0			
	14		14		100	91/69/30/0			
	16		16		100	86/49/20/0			
	18		18		100	87/45/0/0			
41,1	20	Sediment - tuffaceous claystone Black at the top ~1m then dark red brown. Core surface is waxy. Very weak rock, breaks up into small fragments during drilling. Some green sediment at the base. Slicken sides at joints.	20		47	41/0/0/0			
	22	Core loss 1,6m	22		57	17/0/0/0			
38,1	24	Olivine basalt - compound flow Grey and purple brown very strong rock, with 2% to 3% small Plagioclase phenocrysts. Moderately to highly jointed.	24		100	95/68/32/0			
	26		26		100	84/32/17/0			
33,4	28	Scoria Purple and grey, porous. Pores mostly filled with zeolites	28		100	87/34/23/0			
	30	Porphyritic basalt Grey very strong, with 7% to 10% small Plagioclase phenocrysts.	30		100	87/34/23/0			
30,3	32	Tholeiite basalt Grey, vesicular, very strong. About 4% to 8% vesicles, mainly coated with black clay, and some are filled with zeolites.	32		100	91/47/24/0			
	34	UCS = 41 MPa	34		100	94/89/47/0			
	36		36		100	96/0/0/0			
22,9	38	Sediment - Brown tuff very weak siltstone	38		25	0/0/0/0			
	40	Olivine basalt Dark grey, very strong, microporous, all small vesicles and micropores filled with black clay. Moderately to highly jointed.	40		99	57/0/0/0			
	42	UCS = 41 MPa	42		89	54/16/7/0			
	44	Probably most of the water leakage at 45 m depth.	44		99	74/47/29/0			
14,4	46	Sediment Brown and red brown tuffaceous claystone, very weak and erodes in the upper part. Core surface is waxy. Breaks up during drilling. Slickensides at 48 m depth, plunge ~50°	46		5	0/0/0/0			
	48	Core loss 0,66m	48		60	31/15/0/0			
12,0	50	Scoriaceous basalt Dark grey, moderately strong, pores filled with white zeolites	50		100	56/28/0/0			
	50		50		100	23/0/0/0			



0,5 LU tested at 4,4 bar

6,9 LU tested at 2,4 bar

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole EF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD %	Qc	GWT	Perm. (LU)
						10 / 30 / 50 / 100			2,5 5,0 7,5
9,1	50		50		100	58/41/0/0			
	52	Olivine basalt Dark grey, very strong microporous basalt. Micropores filled with black clay. Faintly flow banded.	52		100	81/34/0/0			6,9 LU tested at 2,4 bar
	54	Moderately to highly jointed. Joints irregularly spaced, rough, undulating, and coated with black clay.	54			66/23/0/0			
	56	Slickensides between 57,0m and 59,5m, subhorizontal plunge.	56		100	61/22/0/0			
	58		58		100	Qc = 4 - 11 $Q = \frac{61}{9 \cdot 10} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
	60		60		100	48/18/0/0			
	62		62		100	68/39/0/0			
	64		64		100	82/24/0/0			
	66	Sediment - red sandstone	66		100	36/0/0/0			
-5,3	66	Olivine basalt Dark grey, strong, moderately to highly jointed, joints irregularly spaced, rough, undulating, and coated with black clay.	66		100	52/21/0/0			
	68		68		100	0/0/0/0			
	70		70		100	48/0/0/0			
	72		72		100	72/22/0/0			
	74	Sediment - tuffaceous claystone Green brown, very weak. Slickensides at 73,4m and 75,1m, plunge ~45°.	74		83	43/15/0/0			
-12,3	74		74		72	37/24/0/0			
-14,6	76	Scoriaceous Olivine basalt - compound flow Dark grey, moderately strong, very porous, but almost all pores filled with zeolites. The basalt is composed of microporous rather dense zones and highly porous scoriaceous zones.	76		100	100/0/0/0			
	78		78		98	97/52/52/0			
	80		80		99	89/48/34/0			
	82	Olivine basalt Dark grey, very strong, microporous basalt. The rock is massive, with 2% to 3% vesicles, filled with white zeolites.	82		100	Qc = 6 - 15 $Q = \frac{89}{9 \cdot 10} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
	84	Slickenside at 81,9m, plunge ~45°.	84		100	79/49/18/0			
	86		86		100	78/0/0/0			
	88		88		100	100/60/24/0			
	90	The rock is highly jointed but mostly recemented with black clay and white zeolites. Black and white thin veining	90		100	100/100/100/100			
	92	Slickensides from 90m to 92,6m, subhorizontal plunge.	92		100	70/56/40/35			
	94	Sharp welded contact	94		94	Qc = 5 - 12 $Q = \frac{70}{9 \cdot 10} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
-33,1	94	Basaltic Dyke or Sill with thin white veins, becoming broken/ crushed rock from 94,65m.	94		73	86/86/77/77			
	96	Olivine basalt, broken/brecciated with black clay and white thin veins	96		100	26/0/0/0			
	96	Dyke, with white thin veins	96		100	48/48/0/0			
	96	Olivine basalt, 10cm of broken rock	96		100	33/26/0/0			
-35,9	98	Sediment, tuffaceous siltstone - claystone Red brown, purple brown and green, very weak rock. Core surface is waxy. The core shrinks during drying	98		86	36/0/0/0			
	98	Slickensides at 97,0m, plunge subvertical (97,05m) and subhorizontal (97,15m).	98		88	37/0/0/0			
	100	Olivine basalt	100		98	Qc = 0,5 - 1,6 $Q = \frac{37}{6 \cdot 9} \times \frac{1 \cdot 2}{3 \cdot 4} \times \frac{1}{2,5}$			
-39,0	100		100		98	50/0/0/0			

0,2 LU tested at 9,4 bar

0,3 LU tested at 6,2 bar

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole EF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
-39,6	100	Basaltic Dyke or Sill - Dark. Weak eroded upper contact. Subhorizontal, strong, lower contact.	100		100	87/43/0/0			
	102	Olivine basalt - compound flow Dark grey, porous and very vesicular rock mass, about 5% to 20% vesicles, completely filled with zeolites (stilbite and scolesite). Strong and moderately strong rock.	102		100	88/88/88/46			
	104		104		100	88/88/88/46			
	106	Dark grey microporous less vesicular zone. Very strong and strong rock. About 5% to 10% vesicles, well-filled with zeolites.	106		100	90/67/24/0			
	108		108		100	87/41/30/0			
-50,4	110		110		100	87/41/30/0			
	112	Vesicular red brown zone. About 10% to 20% vesicles, all well-filled with zeolites. Strong and moderately strong rock.	112		100	89/64/51/0			8,7 LU tested at 4,8 bar
	114		114		100	89/64/51/0			
	116	Basaltic Dyke or Sill - subhorizontal, strong, contacts	116		100	83/70/30/0			
-56,0	118	More massive dark grey zone. Very hard and strong rock. About 5% to 10%, vesicles filled with zeolites.	118		99	86/60/36/10 Qc = 6 - 14 $Q = \frac{86}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ 74/48/37/0			
	120		120		100	85/50/21/0			
-60,4	122	Porous brown grey and grey zone. Strong and moderately strong rock Pores and vesicles, about 5% to 10%, all well-filled with zeolites.	122		100	85/50/21/0			
	124		124		92	69/25/25/0			
	126	Microporous massive zone, dark grey, with few joints.	126		100	99/85/57/39			8,4 LU tested at 2,7 bar
	128		128		100	99/85/57/39			
-70,0	130		130		100	88/75/54/37			
	132	Vesicular and porous zone. About 10% to 20% pores, well-filled with zeolites. Dark grey and brown. A short part of the core breaks up during drilling.	132		100	78/52/19/0			
	134		134		100	100/68/27/0			
	136	Microporous massive zone with fewer vesicles	136		100	100/68/27/0			
-77,2	138	Sediment, tuffaceous siltstone - claystone Very weak rock. Stratified, green and brown. Core surface is waxy. Core loss 0,3m	138		88	29/0/0/0 64/11/0/0 59/5/0/0 Qc = 0,7 - 3 $Q = \frac{59}{6-9} \times \frac{1-2}{3-4} \times \frac{1}{2,5}$			
	140	Breaks up during drilling and handling. Slickensides from 138,0 m to 144,3 m, plunge mostly ~45°.	140		91				
	142	High anisotropy in vertical vs horizontal strength (weakness in layering)	142		93				
	144		144		96	66/0/0/0			
-84,2	146	Olivine basalt - compound flow Dark grey strong	146		99	95/87/40/0			6,9 LU tested at 3,9 bar
	148	Dark coarse grained Olivine basalt, possibly an intrusive rock welded to the neighboring basalt.	148		99	99/99/81/81			
	150	Dark grey vesicular Olivine basalt	150		99	99/99/81/81			

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole EF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
-89,9	150	Basaltic Dyke or Sill. Subhorizontal contacts. Weak upper contact	150						
	152	Olivine basalt Dark grey, strong rock, very vesicular. About 10% to 20% vesicles, all well-filled with zeolites. Some joints, rough, undulating, and with thin grey clay coatings.	152	K-15 K-16	99	97/97/97/43			
	154	Dyke (0,2 m)	154		99	95/83/66/28			
	156	Broken and crushed rock at 156,5 m	156		100	$Q = \frac{95}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
	158		158		67	100/78/59/42 0/0/0/0			
	160		160		100	100/95/78/0			
	162	Strong, welded contact	162		100	90/58/47/0			
-101,9	162	Basaltic Sill Dark grey, very strong, sheet-like.	162		100	54/38/0/0			
-102,8	164	Sediment Dark brown and green brown, very weak rock. The core surface is waxy. The core breaks into stumps during drilling and handling. Slickensides at 165 m, plunge ~40°.	164		93	70/0/0/0			
	164	Core loss 0,3m	164		85	45/0/0/0			
	164		164		83	32/0/0/0			
-105,0	166	Basaltic Sill Dark grey, very strong. Rather coarse grained dolerite with small pores and vesicles that are well-filled with zeolites. Some inclusions of Olivine basalt. Most probably a Sill, with wide joint spacing.	166		50	0/0/0/0			
	168		168		100	83/50/22/0			
	170		170		98	57/37/19/0 79/55/34/0			
	172		172		99	$Q = \frac{79}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
	174		174		100	99/74/47/0			
	176		176		98	77/59/48/0			
-116,7	178	Sediment, tuffaceous sandstone-siltstone, dark brown and green grey stratified, very weak and clayey, breaks during drilling and handling. Slickensides, with ~40° to ~45° plunge.	178		100	100/0/0/0			
-118,2	180	Basaltic Sill Dark grey, rather coarse grained basalt, with some inclusions of Olivine basalt. The rock is slightly stratified by concentration of pore zones.	180		100	70/0/0/0			
	182		182		98	75/38/38/0			
	184		184		98	75/63/21/0 72/56/18/0			
	186		186		99	Qc = 5 - 12			
	188		188		100	$Q = \frac{72}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
	188	Diffuse boundary	188		100	67/60/0/0			
	190	Olivine basalt Dark grey, very strong, about 5% to 8% pores and vesicles, filled with black clay and zeolites	190		100	26/0/0/0			
	192	Plagioclase crystals are abundant in the lower 1 m	192		100	83/56/20/0			
-130,1	192	Sediment - sandstone Dark red brown, moderately strong.	192		100	84/62/38/0			
-131,1	192	Scoriaceous Porphyritic basalt	192		100	$Q = \frac{82}{9-10} \times \frac{2-4}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
-132,6	192	Brown strong competent rock	192		100	100/85/71/0			
	194	Basaltic Dyke Dark grey, strong, welded margins,	194		100	100/0/0/0			
	196	Porphyritic basalt Pink grey near top, then grey, very strong, with few joints. Scattered small pores filled with black clay.	196		100	98/98/98/0			
	198	Porphyritic basalt Grey, very strong, about 2% to 4% pores, mainly filled with black clay. About 7% to 10% small Plagioclase phenocrysts.	198		100	99/99/99/0			
	200	Some joints, rough, undulating, and coated with black clay.	200		100	78/52/0/0			

7,6 LU tested at 3,2 bar




























2,1 LU tested at 3,9 bar

0,6 LU tested at 11,7 bar

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole EF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	Qc	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
-142,4	200	Porphyritic basalt Grey, very strong, about 2% to 4% pores, mainly filled with black clay. About 7% to 10% small Plagioclase phenocrysts.	200	(R)	100	82/63/53/53			
	202		202	(R)	100	86/46/46/0			
	204	Basaltic Sill or Dyke Dark grey, very strong, moderately jointed. Subhorizontal contacts.	204	(N)	100	77/60/60/0			
	206	Porphyritic basalt Dark grey, very strong. Basaltic Dyke: - - - - Scoriaceous Porphyritic basalt	206	(R)	100	99/50/0/0			
	208	Sediment - sandstone Brown, moderately strong. Scoriaceous Porphyritic basalt Brown, very strong, porous and vesicular. ~10% vesicles, filled with zeolites and black clay. Basaltic Dyke: - - - -	208	(R)	100	100/100/53/0			
	210	Scoriaceous Porphyritic basalt Brown, strong, porous and vesicular. About half of the vesicles are filled with zeolites.	210	(R)	100	96/79/31/0			
	212	Olivine basalt Part of the scoriaceous basalt. More jointed and broken than the scoriaceous part	212	(R)	99	57/44/19/0			
	214	Scoriaceous Porphyritic basalt Red brown, porous, strong and competent rock. Diffuse boundary, no weakness	214	(R)	100	98/38/0/0 85/61/36/14			
	216	Porphyritic basalt Dark grey, strong rock. Several joints, rough, undulating, coated with black clay. Small pores about 2% to 5%, well-filled with black clay. Only occasional Plagioclase laths at the top of the layer.	216	(R)	100	Qc = 6 - 14			
	218		218	(N)	99	Q = $\frac{85}{9 \cdot 10} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ 72/37/22/0			
-159,0	220	Welded contact, no weakness Basaltic Sill or Dyke Dark grey, very strong, welded contacts.	220	(N)	100	0/0/0/0 97/75/75/0			
	222	Scoriaceous Porphyritic basalt Red brown, strong competent rock. Porous and vesicular, about 10% vesicles, filled with zeolites. Diffuse boundary, no weakness	222	(R)	100	100/81/81/81			
	224	Porphyritic basalt Dark grey, very strong. Several steeply inclined joints, rough, undulating, and coated with black clay.	224	(R)	100	81/63/39/0			
	226	Diffuse boundary, no weakness Scoriaceous Porphyritic basalt Light red brown, strong rock. Porous, about 10% vesicles and vugs, filled with zeolites.	226	(R)	100	87/63/63/46			
	228	No weakness at contact	228	(R)	100	100/100/0/0			
	230	Porphyritic basalt Dark grey, about 10% Plagioclase phenocrysts up to 7 mm long. Core loss 0,75m	230	(N)	70	27/0/0/0			
	232	Zone of fractured and partly brecciated rock. Possibly a tectonic fault zone, the rock is highly jointed. Joints mainly rough, undulating, coated and sometimes healed with black clay. Several slickensided fractures.	232	(R)	95	61/27/0/0 53/25/5/0 Qc = 4 - 9			
	234		234	(R)	90	Q = $\frac{53}{9 \cdot 10} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ 19/0/0/0			
	236		236	(R)	87	60/37/0/0			
	238	Slickensides	238	(R)	92	51/0/0/0			
-180,0	240	Vesicular near the base. About 10% vesicles, filled with black clay. Sharp contact Slickenside, plunge about 45°	240	(R)	98	89/68/29/0			
	242	Sediment - siltstone Brown, very weak rock. Slickensided contact, plunge about 45°	242	(N)	100	0/0/0/0 90/77/77/0			
	244	Olivine basalt Dark grey, strong, porous basalt. Vugs and vesicles about 10%, mainly filled with black clay. Scoriaceous Olivine basalt Dark grey. Sharp, welded, contact	244	(R)	100	97/97/63/63 98/96/84/62 Qc = 7 - 17			
	248	Olivine basalt Dark grey, very strong. About 5% to 10% pores and vugs, filled with black clay.	248	(R)	100	Q = $\frac{98}{9 \cdot 10} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ 99/99/99/78			
	248	No weakness at contact Scoriaceous Porphyritic basalt Brown, strong, porous rock. About 10% vugs, well-filled with zeolites. No weakness at contact	248	(R)	100	100/84/84/0			
	250	Porphyritic basalt Dark grey, very strong rock. About 5% vesicles, well-filled with black clay. 0.3 m of scoriaceous broken rock at 249 m.	250	(R)	100	90/87/52/52			

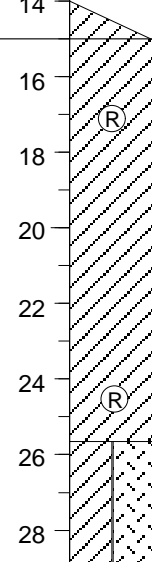
0,1 LU tested at 11,4 bar

0,0 LU tested at 12,4 bar



























Jarðfræðistofan ^{Ehf} JFS Geological services ^{Ltd}		Norðfjarðargöng		JFS-74	Drwg. A-2f					
Empl.  VEGAGERÐIN		Eskifjörður		Date Sept. 2012	Page 6 of 6					
		Corehole EF - 02 250 - 300 m		Design AgG	Drawn AgG / TW					
		Coord. X: 732.621,9	Y: 518.524,3	Elev.: 60,62	Driller RFS	Drilled Nov 2007				
Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole EF - 02		Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
-194,4	250	Porphyritic basalt Dark grey, very strong, vesicles about 5% to 10%, well-filled with black clay.		250		100	100/89/78/49 97/91/76/54			
	252	Plagioclase phenocrysts about 15%, up to 8 mm long. Vesicles about 5%, well-filled with black clay.		252		100				
	254	Sharp contact		254		100				
	256	Sediment - tuff Clayeous. Dark green top, afterwards brown, with layers of green tuff, very weak rock. Basaltic Sill or Dyke 15 slickensides between 255m and 260m, i.e. 3m. Plunge typically about 45°.		256		92	68/0/0/0			
	258	Sediment - tuff Clayeous, bedded, very weak rock. Core surface is waxy Brown claystone layer (15cm)		258		94	88/88/0/0 46/0/0/0 58/16/0/0			
-199,4	260	Slickensided contact to Olivine basalt.		260		100	76/0/0/0			
-200,9	262	Olivine basalt Dark grey, strong, vesicular. About 5% to 10% vesicles, filled with zeolites or black clay. Slickensided contact.		262		100	99/89/89/89;2			
	264	Sediment - tuff Clayeous. Green and brown, very weak. Core surface is waxy Slickensided contact		264		95	100/0/0/0			
	266	Sediment - Lapili tuff Lapili, and occasional bombs, of pumice and brown grey scoria, in a light grey green tuff matrix. Acidic dacite or rhyolite in origin.		266		98	73/0/0/0 0/0/0/0			
	268	Diffuse boundary		268		100	66/34/33/0			
-207,5	270	Igneimbrite - Pyroclastic flow Light grey (light pink grey top), very strong and extremely strong, very well welded grey mass, with inclusions of various origin.		270		100	87/75/43/0 Qc = 2 - 10			
	272	The rock mass resembles fine-grained acidic crystalline rock, but contains widely abundant inclusions of different rock fragments welded into the rock mass.		272		100				
	274			274		100	82/48/17/0			
	276	Scoriaceous Tholeiite basalt inclusion, welded into the Igneimbrite		276		100	94/55/55/0 88/62/36/7			
-215,5	278	Light grey, very well welded Igneimbrite, with welded inclusions of pumice and basalt fragments.		278		100				
	280			280		100				
	282			282		100	91/72/23/0			
	284			284		100				
-224,5	286	Scoriaceous Igneimbrite Clastic and welded.		286		77	87/66/47/47			
	288	Sediment - Tuff Brown and green, very weak, clayeous, with layers of green tuff, occasional layers with fine gravel sized fragments. Core surface is waxy.		288		81	87/66/47/47			
	290	Tholeiite basalt Scoriaceous at the top, medium - dark grey, very strong, but porous basalt. Vesicles about 1% to 2%, well-filled with black clay and white zeolites.		290		94	82/48/17/0			
-229,2	292	Scoriaceous Tholeiite basalt At the base.		292		95	94/55/55/0 88/62/36/7			
	294	Sediment - sandstone Brown, very weak.		294		100	99/89/89/89;2			
-233,6	296	Tholeiite basalt Scoriaceous at the top, medium dark grey, very strong, with several joints, rough, undulating, and coated with black clay.		296		97	100/0/0/0 100/100/0/0 79/63/15/0			
	298	Bottom of the hole 297,53m on 13th November 2007.		298		97	90/63/48/0			
-236,9	300			300		97	90/63/48/0 Qc = 5 - 18			

0,0 LU tested at 11,5 bar

0,0 LU tested at 11,8 bar

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 01	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD %	Qc	GWT	Perm. (LU)
						10 / 30 / 50 / 100			2,5 5,0 7,5
224,6	0	The hole is drilled vertically, located in a moderately steep slope of glacial debris. The surface is covered with moss and heather.	0						
	2	Percussion drilling with odex drill bit, 3,5" steel casing down to 15 m depth.	2						
	4		4						
	6	Bedrock is probably at 14 m depth. The hole was cemented with concrete down to 21,1 m depth owing to drilling difficulties. Most of the cement was lost out of the hole.	6						
	8		8						
	10		10						
	12		12						
	14	Probably bedrock at approx 14,5 m depth. Core drilling with NQ triple tube drilling rods from 15,0 m depth.	14						
209,6	16	Tholeiite basalt,	16	K-1 	100	62/0/0/0	Qc = 1,5 - 4 $Q = \frac{24}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$	GWT at 63 m hole depth GWT at 85 m hole depth	The hole was cemented when bottom was at 21,1 m depth
	18	Medium grey, very hard and strong with few scattered vesicles. The basalt is highly jointed, joints are rough, undulating and coated with black clay.	18		97	49/0/0/0			
	20	Additionally the core contains scattered black veins of joints, healed with black clay.	20		97	45/30/0/0			
	22		22		66	0/0/0/0			
	24		24		86	24/9/0/0			
	26	Tholeiite basalt / Scoriaceous basalt, medium grey, strong, very porous and vesicular rock. About 10-20% vesicles, coated with black clay and partly filled with zeolites.	26		40	0/0/0/0			
	28		28		0	0/0/0/0			
	30	Scoria Scoriaceous basalt, mixed with red siltstone, about 20% silt.	30		79	0/0/0/0			
195,5	32	Tholeiite basalt / Scoriaceous basalt	32		100	37/0/0/0			
194,4	34	Medium and dark grey, moderately strong very porous and vesicular basalt. About 20% vesicles, mainly empty or coated with green and black clay. Some vesicles filled with zeolites.	34		100	0/0/0/0			
	36	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey, more massive than higher up but highly jointed and crushed.	36	100	13/0/0/0				
	38	Scoriaceous basalt, very porous, moderately strong, about 20% pores, partly filled with zeolites and partly empty.	38	93	21/0/0/0				
	40	Tholeiite basalt hard and crystallined at 39-40,5 m depth.	40	100	49/26/0/0				
	42	Scoria Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey, moderately strong, very porous, pores filled with soft zeolites	42	64	18/0/0/0				
	44	Scoriaceous and vesicular basalt with about 15% vesicles half filled with black and green clay. Unclear boundary	44	100	34/24/0/0				
	46	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey, hard and strong basalt	46	100	76/27/0/0				
	48	Scoria Scoriaceous basalt, grey purple grey, well compressed and consolidated strong rock. Thin, 5 cm, red bed at 47,7 m depth	48	100	24/0/0/0				
174,6	50		50	93	71/71/0/0				
				100	23/0/0/0				
				72	15/0/0/0				
				100	91/87/34/0				
				100	57/27/0/0				
				97	53/40/40/0				
				92	42/22/9/0				
				100	$Q = \frac{42}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$				
				95	29/0/0/0				
				100	92/83/83/0				

10-14 LU at 3,7 bar
Problem with packing and overflow

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 01	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	Q	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
	50	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, very hard, highly jointed and additionally with thin black veins of joints healed with black clay. Joints, irregularly spaced, rough and undulating	50		98	38/18/0/0			
	52		52		85	19/0/0/0			
	54	Scoriaceous basalt, dark red grey, strong rock porous and vesicular	54		100	0/0/0/0			10-14 LU at 3,7 bar
	56	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, very hard and strong basalt, highly jointed, joints irregularly spaced, rough, undulating and coated with black clay.	56		97	57/0/0/0			
	58		58		97	100/100/0/0			
	60	Scoriaceous basalt, red grey, moderately strong, porous and vesicular, pores varying from 10 to 25%. Pores empty or coated with thin black clay.	60		100	0/0/0/0			
	62	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey, very hard and strong, intensely jointed, joints irregularly spaced, rough, undulating and coated with black clay	62		100	83/19/0/0			
	64	Scoriaceous basalt, grey and red grey, strong, very porous and vesicular	64		90	26/0/0/0			
	66		66		100	82/0/0/0			
	68	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey, extremely strong and hard basalt, moderately jointed, joints irregularly spaced, rough, undulating and coated with light green clay	68		94	0/0/0/0			
	70		70		100	50/0/0/0			
	72	Scoriaceous basalt, 0,2 m	72		81	41/0/0/0			
151,3	74	Sediment, sandstone, Dark green at top green tuffaceous sediment in the lower part	74		100	100/100/0/0			
	76	Tholeiit basalt, grey, very hard and strong, highly jointed, joints rough, undulating and coated with black clay.	76		100	48/28/0/0			
147,6		Sharp contact scoria 5 cm Weak boundary							
	78	Sediment, green sandstone at top 0,3 m	78		30	0/0/0/0			
	80	Sandstone conglomerate, green sandy matrix and angular to sub rounded fragments of basalt up to 3 cm. The matrix is very well cemented forming moderately strong rock mass.	80		96	70/26/0/0			
	82	The sediment is most probably welded pyroclastic tuff. Light grey green sandstone conglomerate. Relatively strong rock mass and probably most of the sediment is favourable tunnelling rock	82		100	50/17/0/0			
	84		84		86	24/0/0/0			
	86	Lower margin of welded pyroclastics	86		100	91/91/80/0			
136,7	88	Sandstone, claystone, dark green waxy very week rock, probably claystone	88		91	36/0/0/0			8-10 LU
	90	Scoria Scoriaceous basalt, basalt, dark grey, very porous moderately strong rock	90		91	37/0/0/0			
	92	Tholeiite basalt, medium, dark grey, very strong, vesicular, about 15 to 20% large irregular vesicles, coated with black clay	92		100	80/47/47/47			
	94	Thin irregular veins of joints, loaded with black clay.	94		100	76/70/57/0			
	96	Scoria - Scoriaceous basalt	96		100	47/29/23/0			
	98	Sediment, 5-10 cm dark red siltstone, mixed in scoria	98		86	35/0/0/0			
	100	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey highly jointed	100		77	35/0/0/0			

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 01	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
124	100	Tholeiite basalt, medium gray highly jointed	100						
	102	Sediment Breccia, green grey strong rock, angular fragments of pebble size of various size and various grain well cemented in green sandy matrix grain supported	102		75	37/0/0/0			
	104	Sandstone - Siltstone, dark green-brown tuff 0,6 m. Weak rock	104		100	100/52/0/0			
	104	Sandstone - Breccia, pyroclastic flow. Very well cemented green and grey rock, small angular fragments of various origin welded in a sandy matrix	104		100	39/0/0/0			
	106	Open joint at 104 m to 105 m depth. The GWT in the hole lowered below 50 m depth when the hole crossed the joint. Few original joints in the rock mass.	106		100	87/87/73/53			
	108	The coarse grained particles, decrease downwards (more fine grained). Relatively uniform welded sediment	108		100	Qc = 2,6 - 8			
	110	Several steeply inclined joints rough, undulating and coated with thin black clay.	110		100	89/74/74/74			
	112		112		100	75/75/75/75			
	114		114		100	15/0/0/0			
	116	Claystone, dark grey green and brown tuffaceous sandstone claystone of very low strength. Core surface vaxy.	116		100	50/38/38/0			
	118	Conglomerate - agglomerate, fragments of pebble size of various origin cemented in tuffaceous matrix. Moderately strong rock	118		100	81/56/0/0			
	120	Claystone, with lenses of small fragments of pebble size. Tuffaceous and pumice rich argillaceous rock of very low strength. The sediment shrinks during drying.	120		100	66/43/24/16 Qc = 0,7 - 1,8			
	122	Fragments of pebble size in tuffaceous matrix	122		100	71/41/18/0			
	124	Claystone, dark purple grey, weak rock, core with waxy surface.	124		100	0/0/0/0			
100,4	124	Scoriaceous basalt, dark purple grey strong, porous rock. 3-10% pores, mainly empty.	124		100	100/0/0/0			
	126		126		98	87/80/80/80			
97	128	Bottom of hole at 127,6 m depth, August 2007	128		48	48/48/48/0			
	130		130						
	132		132						
	134		134						
	136		136						
	138		138						
	140		140						
	142		142						
	144		144						
	146		146						
	148		148						
	150		150						

The GWT dropped below some depth after crossing an open joint at 104 m depth

8-10 LU

14
7,5 kN
44 MPa

11
35
1,7 kN
9,6 MPa

11
22
6,6 kN
38 MPa

8
6,6 kN
38 MPa

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD %	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU)
						10 / 30 / 50 / 100			2,5 5,0 7,5
361,4	0	The hole is located on a rock outcrop on a terrace in the south slope of Fannardalur.	0						
	2	Vertical hole. Percussion drilled with an ODEX bit, 3,5" casing down to 3 m depth.	2						
358,4		Core drilling with NQ triple tube core barrel. Diameter of core 44,5 mm							
	4	Scoriaceous basalt , grey and brown grey, moderately strong, very porous and vesicular, 15% to 20% vesicles, mainly filled with white zeolites, but about 30% of the vesicles are empty.	4		100	60/0/0/0		 GWT at 193 m hole depth	
	6	Part of the scoriaceous basalt is brecciated but the fragments are recemented with zeolites.	6		100	26/0/0/0			
	8	Over all average tunnelling rock.	8		86	53/33/33/0			
	10		10		93	44/25/7/0			
	12		12		91	Qc = 3 - 10			
350,4									
	12	Basaltic dyke , dark grey, hard and extremely strong rock but highly jointed in addition to thin veins of joints, healed with zeolites.	12		100	24/0/0/0		 GWT at 250m hole depth	
	14	Dacite , intermediate acidic crystalline rock medium-dark grey, hard and extremely strong and brittle rock.	14		100	42/13/0/0			
	16	Intensely jointed, most rock lumps <10 cm, few longer core stumps.	16		74	0/0/0/0			
	18	The joints are mostly rough, undulating but some joints seem to be smooth. Planar. All joint planes coated with black clay.	18		79	8/0/0/0			
	20	The rock is unfavourable tunnelling rock, highly jointed and crushed rock mass.	20		60	0/0/0/0			
347,9									
	22		22		0	0/0/0/0			
	24		24		13	0/0/0/0			
	26	Dacite , intermediate acidic crystalline rock medium grey, very hard and brittle, extremely strong but flow banded with subhorizontal platy cleavage.	26		58	7/0/0/0			
	28		28		100	Qc = 0,2 - 1			
	30	Vesicular in the lowest 0,5-1 m.	30		100	30/0/0/0			
	32	Scoria and scoriaceous basalt , mixed with sediment, purple brown rock of medium-low strength.	32		100	0/0/0/0			
	34	Considerable core loss with sediment and scoria eroding.	34		100	0/0/0/0			
	36		36		53	0/0/0/0			
325,1									
	38	Dacite , grey, very hard and brittle. The intact rock is extremely strong. Vesicles 2-5% coated with black clay.	38		100	19/0/0/0			
	40	Sediment , dark purple brown, weak rock, clayous, core loss.	40		96	0/0/0/0			
	42	Scoriaceous basalt .	42		96	0/0/0/0			
	44	Basalt-Andesite , intermediate rock, light grey, hard and strong rock. Intensely jointed with crushed zones, joints rough, undulating, coated with black clay.	44		51	27/27/0/0			
	46	Scattered vesicles 2-4% coated with black clay.	46		100	92/92/72/0			
321,9									
	48	Sediment , variable colour, stratified light red, dark red and green clayous weak tuff. Very low strength.	48		100	28/0/0/0		 GWT at 288m hole depth	
	50	Scoria-Scoriaceous basalt , dark grey, moderately strong, vesicular, vesicles half filled with zeolites.	50		100	42/31/21/0			
314,3									
	48		48		90	Qc = 3 - 8			
313,0									
	50		50		100	37/37/37/0			
	50		50		100	0/0/0/0			
	50		50		63	24/0/0/0			
	50		50		52	29/0/0/0			

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD %	Qc	GWT	Perm. (LU)	
307,7 306,9	50	Tholeiite basalt, grey, very hard and brittle. Intensely jointed rock fragments frequently less than 5 cm in size. Joints rough, undulating and coated with clay.	K-4 K-5		99	32/15/0/0				
	52		100		17/0/0/0					
	54		72		0/0/0/0					
	54	54	Basaltic dyke, dark grey, strong, welded contacts.			100	62/41/0/0			
	56	Tholeiite basalt, grey, hard and brittle intensely jointed.			100	0/0/0/0				
	58	Scoria - Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey, porous, moderately strong rock. Most vesicles half filled with zeolites. Better tunnelling rock than the overlying Tholeiite basalt.			100	40/24/0/0				
	60	Brown scoriaceous basalt very well compressed and consolidated.	K-5 K-6		100	61/50/43/0	Qc = 4 - 21			
	62		93/73/73/0							
	299,2	62	Tholeiite basalt, grey, very hard and strong but intensely jointed with additional irregular net of thin black veins of joints, healed with black clay.			100	29/0/0/0			
		64		100		43/13/0/0				
66		100		38/0/0/0						
68		Joint planes rough, undulating, coated with black clay.			100	27/0/0/0				
70			K-6 K-7		36	4/0/0/0				
72		Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey porous, moderately strong rock (favourable tunnelling rock, compared to the crystalline basalt).			99	62/55/43/0				
74		More favourable tunnelling rock than the crystalline basalt.			100	96/79/30/0				
76					100	48/25/12/0				
78					93	Qc = 3 - 8				
80		The colour of the scoriaceous basalt turns from grey to red brown. Well compressed and consolidated. Porous rock with some open pores.			98	88/78/51/0	Qc = 48/25/12/0			
82	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, extremely strong, hard and brittle. For most part moderately to highly jointed, with some minor zones of crushed rock. Joints rough, undulating, coated with black clay. Relatively poor tunnelling rock.	K-7 K-8		100	60/0/0/0					
84					100	44/34/0/0				
86				82	19/0/0/0					
88	Slightly scoriaceous zone less than 1 m.			84	0/0/0/0					
90	Tholeiite basalt, grey, very hard and strong but highly jointed.			100	64/0/0/0					
269,0	90		K-8 K-9		100	36/12/0/0				
	92				100	10/0/0/0				
	94	Scoriaceous basalt, grey brown, well compressed and consolidated moderately strong to strong rock.			100	54/0/0/0				
	96				87	48/29/0/0				
	98	Scoriaceous porous basalt, less compressed than above, low specific weight. Relatively fair tunnelling rock. Small pores partly open but also half filled with light grey clay or zeolites.			100	8/0/0/0				
	100				100	60/0/0/0				
					100	100/85/66/66				
					88	58/41/26/12	Qc = 4 - 20			
				78	75/58/42/0					

8-10 LU
at
66,5-90,5m

4-5 LU
at
73,2-132,5m

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2.5 5.0 7.5
259,9	100	Scoriaceous basalt.	100	(R)	71	0/0/0/0			
	102	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, very hard and extremely strong. Moderately jointed, joints rough and undulating.	102	(R)	100	69/37/0/0			
	104		104	(R)	99	41/0/0/0			
254,3	104		104	(R)	100	73/47/47/0			
	106		106	(R)	100	62/39/25/0			
	108	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey and dark red grey, strong, well compressed and consolidated porous rock. Irregular pores and vugs half filled with zeolites and white clay. Fair tunnelling rock.	108	(R)	100	80/56/0/0			
	110		110	(R)	100	84/50/34/34			
245,9	110		110	(R)	100	90/68/53/33			
	112		112	(R)	100	90/68/53/33			
	114		114	(R)	100	100/83/83/57			
	116	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, very hard and extremely strong, 2 to 3% small vesicles and slightly flow banded. Moderately jointed. Joints rough, undulating, coated with black clay.	116	(R)	100	79/20/0/0			
	118		118	(R)	100	45/15/0/0			
240,9	120		120	(R)	100	95/95/95/0			
	122	Probably a mix of dyke and breccia, core loss. Possibly a fault breccia.	122	(R)	43	16/16/0/0			
	124	Tholeiite basalt	124	(R)	100	73/46/0/0			
	126	Scoria-scoriaceous basalt, dark, grey, mainly well compressed, moderately strong porous rock. Pores about 10% mainly empty or coated with light grey or light green clay.	126	(R)	73	29/0/0/0			
	128		128	(R)	100	89/72/61/0			
	130		130	(R)	92	63/41/27/9			
	132	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, hard and strong zone inside the scoriaceous basalt.	132	(R)	100	73/25/0/0			
	134	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey, moderately strong, well compressed and consolidated porous rock of rather low specific weight. Relatively fair tunnelling rock.	134	(R)	100	74/37/37/0			
	136		136	(R)	100	0/0/0/0			
	138		138	(R)	100	86/65/46/0			
219,8	140		140	(R)	100	67/67/54/34			
	142	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, very hard and strong zone inside the scoriaceous basalt.	142	(R)	100	88/77/62/45			
	144		144	(R)	100	0/0/0/0			
	146	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey and dark red grey, moderately strong, moderately well compressed and consolidated porous rock of rather low specific weight.	146	(R)	98	46/15/0/0			
	148		148	(R)	100	100/100/0/0			
	150		150	(R)	100	60/34/24/0			
	150		150	(R)	100	73/55/55/0			

4-5 LU
at
73,2-132,5m

7-8 LU
at
132,8-156,5m

Jarðfræðistofan Ehf JFS Geological services Ltd		Norðfjarðargöng			JFS-74	Drwg. A-4d			
Fannardalur		Date Sept 2007			Page 4 of 7				
Empl. VEGAGERÐIN		Corehole NF - 02 150 - 200 m			Design AgG		Drawn AgG / EO		
Coord. X: 735.781,0 Y: 523.298,7 Elev.: 361,4		Driller RFS		Drilled Aug 2007					
Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	Qc	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2.5 5.0 7.5
200,4	150	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, very hard and extremely strong, moderately jointed, joints rough, undulating coated with black clay.	150		100	28/0/0/0			
	152	Slightly flow banded in the lower part.	152		97	0/0/0/0			
	154		154		100	100/54/0/0			
	156	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey and red brown, strong, very well compressed and consolidated. Slightly porous, about 5 to 10% vesicles, mainly empty.	156		100	74/52/0/0			
	158	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey, very hard and extremely strong but highly jointed rock. Additional thin black veins of joints, healed with black clay.	158		100	68/43/24/0 Qc = 5 - 11 $Q = \frac{68}{9 \cdot 10^2} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
190,5	162	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey, moderately strong, moderately well compressed and consolidated porous rock. About 10 to 20% pores and vesicles, half filled with zeolites or coated with black clay.	162	100	56/43/43/0				
	164	Unclear boundary	164	100	74/51/0/0				
	166	Tholeiite basalt, dark grey, moderately strong, very vesicular in the upper part. Decreasing porosity and vesicles downwards	166	100	63/36/14/0 Qc = 4 - 11 $Q = \frac{63}{9 \cdot 10^2} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$				
	168		168	100	36/0/0/0				
	170		170	100	100/88/88/0				
180,9	172	Scoriaceous basalt, and very vesicular basalt, dark grey and dark brown grey moderately strong rock.	172	100	22/0/0/0				
	174		174	100	70/32/0/0				
	176	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey, very well compressed and consolidated moderately strong rock. Pores about 10%, half filled with light grey and greenish clay.	176	100	84/67/52/0				
	178		178	100	92/83/66/22 $Q = \frac{92}{6 \cdot 10^2} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$				
	180	No weakness at boundary.	180	100	97/89/89/36				
177,5	182	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey. Very hard and strong but intensely jointed.	182	100	28/15/0/0				
	184	No weakness at boundary.	184	100	46/22/0/0				
	186	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey with red spots, moderately strong, very vesicular basalt, (dark grey in the upper most part then medium grey).	186	100	85/45/0/0				
	188	Very vesicular, large vesicles about 15 to 10%, most of them are empty but some are half filled and filled with white zeolites (mordenite).	188	100	40/0/0/0				
	190	Tholeiite basalt, light-medium grey, extremely hard and strong but intensely jointed and partly tectonized. Closely spaced joints and additionally black and white veins of healed joints.	190	99	62/38/38/38 Qc = 3 - 7 $Q = \frac{38}{9 \cdot 10^2} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$				
	192		192	95	78/78/78/0				
	194	Joints are mainly curved and undulating, often with smooth surfaces, coated with black clay. Overall poor to fair tunnelling rock.	194	85	38/20/10/5				
	196		196	85	38/0/0/0				
	198		198	85	0/0/0/0				
	200		200	85	15/0/0/0				

1,5-2,5 LU
at
157-198,5m

Packed

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD %	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU)
						10 / 30 / 50 / 100			2.5 5.0 7.5
	200	Tholeiite basalt, light-medium grey, extremely hard and brittle, strong basalt, intensely jointed with close and very close joint spacing.	200			Qc = 3 - 7 $Q = \frac{38}{9 \cdot 10} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
	202		202		100	16/0/0/0			
157,4	204	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey, moderately strong, very vesicular basalt, dark grey.	204		96	60/60/46/0			
	206		206			Qc = 4 - 14 $Q = \frac{54}{6 \cdot 10} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
	208	Tholeiite basalt, crystalline basalt, medium-dark grey scattered vesicles, coated with black clay, highly jointed.	208		95	0/0/0/0			
	210	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey, well compressed and consolidated porous moderately strong rock. Pores are partly filled with various clays.	210		100	81/65/44/0			
149,9	210	No weakness at the boundary.	210		100	77/77/77/0			
	212	Tholeiite basalt, light-medium grey very hard and strong. Moderately to highly jointed in addition to irregular network of thin black veins of joints, healed with black clay.	212		98	61/16/0/0			
	214		214		100	69/0/0/0			
	216		216		94	56/12/0/0			
	218		218		85	40/22/0/0			
141,9	220	Probably weak boundary	220		32	12/0/0/0			
	222	Scoria - Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey and dark brown, moderately strong. Porous rock. Most pores and vesicles are empty. Core loss.	222		100	59/0/0/0			
139,6	224	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey in the upper part, then light grey, very hard and strong basalt.	224		100	68/63/22/0			
	226	Intensely jointed and slightly tectonized with close spaced irregular net of black veins of healed joints from 223 m to 225 m depth.	226		100	68/46/6/0			
	228	Tholeiite basalt, light-medium grey, extremely hard and strong but moderately to highly joint. Frequent micro pore flow banded.	228		100	72/31/0/0			
	230	Irregular pattern of very thin black veins of joints, healed with black clay.	230		100	66/49/0/0			
129,4	232	Scoriaceous basalt, 0.5 m at the base. Layer boundary tuffaceous sediment 0.3 m. Dark brown, waxy surface on core.	232		100	83/83/0/0			
	234	Scoriaceous basalt, dark brownish grey, moderately strong porous rock.	234		98	84/62/30/0			
	236	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, extremely hard and strong, moderately jointed and frequently micropore flow banded.	236		100	49/21/0/0			
	238	Several joints probably indicating stress effects.	238		99	72/53/28/0			
	240	Light grey extremely hard and strong basalt, with micropore flow banding.	240		100	74/69/37/0			
	242		242		99	83/55/55/0			
116,7	244	Scoriaceous basalt, dark red grey, moderately strong rock. Porous and vesicular, about 15 to 20% vesicles, coated with clay.	244		100	74/74/0/0			
	246	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, extremely hard and strong, moderately jointed, additionally some irregularly distributed black thin veins of joints healed with chlorophaeite clay.	246		100	82/60/40/0			
	248		248		100	73/43/20/0			
	250		250						

3-4 LU
at
198,8-246,5m

Loss of
drilling
water













Packing

Elev. m a.s.l.		Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2.5 5.0 7.5
104,6		250	Tholeiite basalt, light grey extremely hard and strong basalt, moderately jointed and several thin black veins of joints healed with chlorophaeite clay. Joints rough, undulating and coated with thin black clay.	250		100	79/69/18/0			Permeability at 246,8-288,5m depth. The pump could not build up a pressure at 650 L/min
	252		252	100		74/52/28/0				
	254		254	100		$Q = \frac{74}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$				
	256	Vesicular in the lowest 0.5 m. Sharp boundary with weakness.	256	99		50/0/0/0				
99,6		258	Sediment 0.2 m, dark brown sandstone and siltstone.	258		100	71/55/29/0			Serious leakage! >>100 LU
	260	Scoriaceous and vesicular basalt, dark grey and grey, moderately strong, vesicles about 15%, mostly coated with black clay.	260	100		65/42/26/0				
	262	Moderately jointed, joints rough undulating coated with black clay. Unclear boundary.	262	100		$Q = \frac{65}{6-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$				
92,1		262	Tholeiite basalt, light-medium grey, extremely hard and strong, frequently jointed, joints randomly spaced, rough, undulating, coated with black clay.	262		100	54/28/0/0			Serious leakage! >>100 LU
	264		264	99		43/10/0/0				
	266	Dyke veins 0.2 m thick (sub horizontal). Fair tunnelling rock.	266	98		$Q = \frac{43}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$				
	268	Unclear boundary.	268	100		31/0/0/0				
84,5		270	Scoria - Scoriaceous basalt, red and dark grey, porous but well compressed and consolidated but breaks up during drilling.	270		89	14/0/0/0			Serious leakage! >>100 LU
	272		272	100		44/44/0/0				
	274	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey, very hard and strong vesicular basalt. Vesicles 5-10% mainly empty or coated with thin black clay, moderately jointed, joints rough, undulating, coated with black clay.	274	100		29/0/0/0				
	276	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, very strong.	276	100		35/0/0/0				
84,5		276	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, very strong.	276		100	45/6/0/0			Serious leakage! >>100 LU
	278	Scoriaceous basalt, 0.2 m Sediment, dark red and green sandstone, weak rock. Basaltic dyke sheet 0.8 m, dark grey strong rock. Green tuffaceous sandstone, welded ignimbrite.	278	99		$Q = \frac{45}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$				
	280	Sediment - Ignimbrite - Pyroclastic, light green, fragments of a pebble size, angular and subrounded, well cemented of various origin, welded ignimbrite, moderately strong rock.	280	100		72/0/0/0				
	282	The rock mass is moderately strong to strong sedimentary rock with very few original joints.	282	100		0/0/0/0				
84,5		284	Probably favourable tunnelling rock if not prone to very high stress. Very few steeply inclined joints, rough, undulating.	284		100	92/87/85/85			Serious leakage! >>100 LU
	286		286	100		$Q = \frac{92}{6-9} \times \frac{2-3}{3-4} \times \frac{1}{1}$				
	288		288	100		87/87/87/87				
	290	Welded ignimbrite.	290	100		98/98/98/98				
67,3		292	Sandstone, light green, stratified, moderately strong to strong rock. Probably partly welded	292		100	94/85/85/85			Serious leakage! >>100 LU
	294	Sediment, tuffaceous claystone, very dark brown, waxy surface on core, very weak rock. Weak sandstone in the lower part. Core loss	294	77		100/0/0/0				
66,2		296	Scoriaceous basalt, vesicular basalt, dark grey and very vesicular in the topmost 2 m but then grey, hard and strong	296		100	51/30/0/0			Serious leakage! >>100 LU
	298	Tholeiite basalt, zeolites up to 0,7 m from the dyke.	298	100		80/70/56/0				
64,0		300	Basaltic dyke - Sill, dark grey very strong rock. Two short (0.2 and 0.3 m) parts of tholeiite basalt inside the dyke near its boundary. The dyke is a subhorizontal sheet.	300		100	80/70/56/0			Serious leakage! >>100 LU
	300		300	100						

Elev. m a.s.l.		Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 02	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2.5 5.0 7.5
54,9		300	Sill - Sub horizontal basaltic dyke-sheet, dark grey very strong, relatively coarse grained with small pores and micro pores.	300		100	86/77/42/42	68/61/34/11 Qc = 4 - 11 $Q = \frac{68}{9 \cdot 10^4} \cdot \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
	302	Few scattered joints, rough undulating, coated with thin black clay (chlorophaeite).	302	100						
	304		304	100						
	306	Bottom of hole 29. August 2007.	306	100						
	308	The drilling rods were stuck in the hole, as a result of drilling difficulties. Later the rods were blasted apart.	308	100						
	308	Sediment, dark brown red and green.	308	100						
	310	Bottom of hole 10. Sept. 2007.	310							
	312		312							
	314		314							
	316		316							
	318		318							
	320		320							
	322		322							
	324		324							
	326		326							
	328		328							
	330		330							
	332		332							
	334		334							
	336		336							
	338		338							
	340		340							
	342		342							
	344		344							
	346		346							
	348		348							
	350		350							

12,7 kN
74,7 MPa

14,2 kN
83,8 MPa

		Norðfjarðargöng			JFS-74	Drwg. A-5a			
Fannardalur Corehole NF - 03 0 - 15,8 m		Date Nov. 2007			Page 1 of 1				
Empl. 		Design AgG/TW			Drawn AgG / EO				
Coord. X: 735.603,3 Y: 523.222,9 Elev.: 371,5		Driller RFS			Drilled Sept 2007				
Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 03	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
371,5	0	The hole is drilled vertically with odex bit and cased with 3,5" casing down to 9 m depth.	0						
	2	Holes NF-03 and NF-04 are drilled at the same location.	2						
	4		4						
	6		6						
	8	Core drilling with NQ triple tube core barrels, 44,5 mm core.	8						
362,5	10	Unconsolidated talus material stones of various size and various types of basaltic rock, core stumps of various porosity. Some 0,2 m core stump of cemented brownish debris, all other fine material is washed away.	10		70	18/0/0/0			
	12	Small eroded fragments of basalt.	12		32	13/0/0/0			
	14	Top of bedrock.	14		0	0/0/0/0			
356,5	16	Sediment , very dark green claeuous sandstone/siltstone of very low strength. Waxy core, week rock	16		67	46/0/0/0			
355,7	18	Drilling cancelled owing to drilling difficulties. Bottom of hole 4. Sept 2007.	18		30	0/0/0/0			
	20		20		21	0/0/0/0			
	22		22		0	0/0/0/0			
	24		24		57	0/0/0/0			
	26		26		36	18/0/0/0			
	28		28		88	0/0/0/0			
	30		30						
	32		32						
	34		34						
	36		36						
	38		38						
	40		40						
	42		42						
	44		44						
	46		46						
	48		48						
	50		50						



Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 04	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD %	Qc	GWT	Perm. (LU)			
									10	30	50 / 100	2,5
371,5	0	<p>The hole is drilled vertically with odex bit and 3,5" steel casing to 18 m depth</p> <p>The hole is located at the same site as NF-03</p> <p>Not obvious where the hole enters the bedrock. Possibly around 15 m depth</p> <p>Core drilling with NQ triple tube core barrel, diameter of core 44,5 mm.</p> <p>Scoria, mixed with red sandstone, red and dark red moderately strong rock</p> <p>Scoriaceous basalt, and porous basalt varying in colour, grey and dark purple, moderately strong and strong zones</p> <p>Scoriaceous top zone of a complex andesitic rocks, rich of scoria zones. The crystalline part is highly jointed, joints are rough, undulating coated with green clay</p> <p>Sudden increase in zeolite fillings vesicles and pores half filled with zeolites</p> <p>Very vesicular dark grey basalt, moderately strong</p> <p>Tholeiite basalt - basalt andesite, medium grey, hard and strong basalt with varying amount of vesicles (about 3 to 6%). Joints are closely spaced, rough, undulating, coated with green clay. Most vesicles half filled with zeolites</p> <p>Sediment-Sandstone, with few pebbles, well cemented</p> <p>Scoriaceous basalt, medium to dark grey, moderately strong rock. Vesicular basalt, porosity about 10 to 15%, almost all pores and voids filled with white zeolites. Relatively competent tunnelling rock</p> <p>More crystalline, hard andesite rock. Closely spaced network of thin white veins of joints healed with zeolites. Almost all joints and voids are filled with zeolites</p> <p>Scoriaceous basalt, medium and dark grey, very strong, moderately and closely spaced joints, rough, undulating. Porous zones with intense zeolite filling. Porosity varying from 3 to over 10%</p> <p>Andesite, medium grey, extremely hard and brittle basalt. Joints closely and very closely spaced, rough, undulating coated with hard black and grey clay.</p> <p>Great part of the rock is intensely jointed, possibly by former stress.</p> <p>The rock contains scattered xenolites</p> <p>Bottom at 48,5 m depth. 5th Sept 2007</p>	0									
	2			2								
	4			4								
	6			6								
	8			8								
	10			10								
	12			12								
	14			14								
	16			16								
353,5	18			18		86	58/0/0/0					
	20			20		100	90/31/0/0					
	22			22		97	90/74/25/0					
	24			24		62	39/21/21/0					
	26			26		90	58/28/9/0					
	28			28		98	Q = $\frac{58}{9 \cdot 10} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$					
	30			30		100	69/35/0/0					
	32			32		100	70/34/0/0					
	34			34		100	10/0/0/0					
	36		36		100	42/0/0/0						
341,5	30		30		100	56/0/0/0						
	32		32		100	86/70/51/0						
	34		34		100	78/58/47/0						
	36		36		96	70/49/30/0						
	38		38		88	Q = $\frac{70}{9 \cdot 10} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$						
	40		40		97	55/23/0/0						
	42		42		100	62/53/25/0						
	44		44		85	0/0/0/0						
	46		46		98	2/0/0/0						
	48		48		95	Q = $\frac{10}{18 \cdot 20} \times \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{2 \cdot 5}$						
323	48		48		27	0/0/0/0						
	50		50		85	0/0/0/0						
	50		50		67	0/0/0/0						

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 06	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD %			GWT	Perm. (LU)		
						10	30	50 / 100		2,5	5,0	7,5
237,81	0	Drilled vertically in a steep slope with moraine and moss on the surface.	0									
	2	Percussion drilling with odex bit and cased with 3,5" steel casing to 12 m depth	2									
	4		4									
	6		6									
	8		8									
	10		10									
	12	Core drilling with NQ triple tube core barrels, core diameter 44,5 mm	12									
225,7	12	Scoriaceous basalt, red brown, medium strong rock but highly jointed	12	K-1	24	0/0/0/0						
	14	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey, strong rock but highly jointed. Vesicular and porous rock, almost scoriaceous zones with up to 15% vesicles. Vesicles almost empty or coated with black clay. Obviously highly permeable rock.	14		85	17/0/0/0						
	16		16		92	32/0/0/0						
	18		18		93	71/12/0/0						
	20		20		74	31/0/0/0						
	22		22		26	10/0/0/0						
	24		24	K-1 K-2	100	69/65/0/0						
	26	Scoriaceous basalt, grey and brown, strong porous rock. Vesicles are almost empty or coated with black clay.	26		50	0/0/0/0						
	28	Unclear boundary.	28		100	82/69/69/0						
	30	Scoriaceous basalt, grey, and dark red brown, well compressed and consolidated, strong rock. Diffuse boundary.	30		100	28/0/0/0						
	32	Tholeiite basalt, grey, very hard and brittle, strong basalt but highly jointed and with zones of crusted basalt, also thin black veins of joints, recemented with black clay.	32		100	84/39/39/0						
	34	The basalt is highly jointed (tectonized) and joints partly recemented.	34	K-2 K-3	100	59/24/11/0 Qc = 4 - 10 $\frac{59}{9-10} \times \frac{2-3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$						
	36	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey and red brown, well compressed and consolidated strong rock.	36		100	54/24/0/0						
	38	Tholeiite basalt, grey, very hard and brittle strong rock, micropore flow banded.	38		100	31/0/0/0						
	40	The basalt is highly jointed in addition to a thin black veins pattern of joints, healed with black clay. Joints, rough, undulating, coated and filled with black clay. Widespread pattern of thin black veins of healed joints, caused by tectonic stress.	40		100	0/0/0/0						
	42		42	K-3 K-4	100	89/69/48/0						
	44	Thin frequent micropore flow banding	44		100	100/100/0/0						
	46		46		100	21/0/0/0						
	48	Sandstone, dark brown, weak	48		100	67/19/0/0						
190,51	48	Scoriaceous basalt, grey and brown, varying between tholeiite and scoriaceous basalt, moderately strong but intensely jointed intact rock	48		75	0/0/0/0						
	50	Core loss,	50		93	17/0/0/0						
					71	0/0/0/0						
					64	0/0/0/0						

GWT at 69 m hole depth

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 06	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD %				GWT	Perm. (LU)		
						10	30	50	100		Qc	2,5	5,0
	50	Scoriaceous - Tholeiite basalt, grey and brown, moderately strong but highly jointed and erodes during drilling	50		81	24/0/0/0							
	52		52		33	0/0/0/0							
	54	Tholeiite basalt, light grey, extremely hard and strong, moderately jointed basalt. Micropore flow banded. Joints are rough, undulating, coated with black clay.	54		100	92/66/66/0							
	56		56		100	43/0/0/0							
	58	Diffuse boundary, no weakness. Scoriaceous basalt, grey-brown.	58		83	65/18/18/0							
	60		60		100	49/26/15/0							
	62	Core loss, fragments of scoria with open pores, probably high permeability. Possibly tectonized zone. Loss of drilling water	62		100	87/69/69/0							
	64		64		100	73/58/0/0							
	66	Tholeiite basalt, grey, very strong, with about 3% vesicles, filled with black clay and zeolites. Irregularly spaced black veins of joints which are healed with black clay.	66		46	17/0/0/0							
	68		68		84	55/41/0/0							
168,61	70	Sediment, brown tuffaceous sandstone, weak rock Shrinks during drying	70		78	0/0/0/0							
	72	Bottom of the hole 69,21m on 5th October 2007	72										
	74		74										
	76		76										
	78		78										
	80		80										
	82		82										
	84		84										
	86		86										
	88		88										
	90		90										
	92		92										
	94		94										
	96		96										
	98		98										
	100		100										

7
23,8 kN
142 MPa

K-4
K-5

K-5
K-6

Problem with packing

> 50 LU at pumping test

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 07	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
259,1	0	The hole is drilled in a steep slope just below cliffs	0						
	2	Percussion drilling with 3 1/2" casing down to 7.35 m depth No core from this part of the hole	2						
	4		4						
	6		6						
251,7	8	Core drilling with NQ core from 7,35 m depth	8		75	10/0/0/0			
	10	Tholeiite basalt , medium grey, very hard and strong but highly jointed, fine crystal grains, vesicles about 3%, <5 mm some micropore flow bonding Joints medium to closely spaced, rough, undulating, coated with thin brown clay Brown alteration colour at joints indicates permeable rock	10	(R)	100	66/66/0/0	91	29/13/0/0	
	12	Scoriaceous basalt , red and grey, moderately strong, porous rock Vesicles and voids about 10%, open pores, coated with thin green and black clay. Joints closely to medium spaced	12	(R)	100	24/0/0/0	100	45/0/0/0	
	14	Tholeiite basalt , grey, hard but very porous, moderately strong At 14 m core loss. Brown alteration colour indicates permeable rock	14	(R)	41	8/0/0/0			
	16	Tholeiite basalt/basalt-andesite , grey, extremely hard, strong intact rock but intensely jointed, joints closely and very closely spaced, undulating, coated with brown and black clay. Very fine grained crystals	16	(R)	93	0/0/0/0			
	18	Scoriaceous basalt , dark brown and grey, moderately strong, very well compressed and consolidated, porous rock but half of the pores filled with various clays	18	(R)	100	6/0/0/0	79	8/0/0/0	
	20	Tholeiite basalt , grey, very fine-grained crystals, very hard and strong intact rock but highly jointed. Joints closely to very closely spaced, rough, undulating, coated and filled with black clay	20	(R)	100	17/0/0/0			
	22		22	(R)	92	0/0/0/0			
236	24	Sedimentary rock , tuffaceous sandstone at top, coarse grained sandstone and fragments of gravel-size UCS=28 MPa	24		16	0/0/0/0			
	26	Green fine-grained colourful conglomerate with tuffaceous sandy matrix, well cemented, moderately weak and weak rock which breaks up during drilling and handling TS=2,6 MPa	26		100	57/0/0/0	82	50/5/0/0	
	28	Dark grey and green sediment, with fragments of small pebble size cemented in dark sandy matrix. Moderately weak and weak rock TS=3,1 MPa UCS=31 MPa TS=3,4 MPa	28		100	16/0/0/0			
	30	Ignimbrite Light green welded sediment, probably pyroclastic flow. Angular fragments of various rock types and different shape. Cemented in tuffaceous sandy matrix. Moderately strong to strong rock.	30	(R)	51	51/0/0/0			
	32	Loss of part of the drilling water	32	(R)	98	47/13/0/0	94	51/14/0/0	
	34		34	(R)	97	72/0/0/0			
	36	Ignimbrite , light green welded sedimentary rock, consisting of fragments of various origin and shape, well cemented in sandy matrix, moderately strong intact rock but frequently jointed and even crust zones UCS=59 MPa	36	(R)	100	57/0/0/0			
	38		38	(R)	99	22/0/0/0			
	40	More loss of part of the drilling water at 43 m depth Lower limit of welded ignimbrite	40	(R)	96	64/42/0/0			
	42	Sediment , green stratified sandstone, moderately weak and weak rock. Sediment varies in grain size between silt and coarse grained sand with very small pebbles in tuffaceous matrix. Moderately strong rock. UCS=25 MPa More loss of drilling water. Sharp boundary TS=6,8 MPa	42	(R)	98	51/27/0/0			
215,3	44	Scoriaceous basalt , dark grey and brownish grey, very porous, moderately weak rock. 15-20% vesicles, <10 mm about half filled with black and green clay. The rock breaks up during drilling and handling	44	(R)	100	0/0/0/0	100	39/0/0/0	
	46	Basalt-andesite , dark grey (on a broken surface) very fine-grained, extremely hard, brittle and strong intact rock but highly jointed.	46	(R)	100	39/0/0/0	100	51/14/0/0	
	48	Joints medium and closely spaced, rough, undulating, coated and filled with black clay	48	(R)	100	61/25/0/0			
209,1	50		50	(R)	100	60/20/0/0	100	43/16/5/0	

30 m

54 m

Loss of drilling water

Loss of drilling water

>15 LU at 3-4 bar

60,5 m

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF-07	Depth	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
205,8	50	The rock is very hard and brittle and intensely jointed near the base	50	(R)	100	68/22/0/0			Loss of drilling water >15 LU at 3-4 bar
	52	Sharp boundary, weakness at the contact UCS=307 MPa	52	(R)	100	35/0/0/0		##,##m	
	54	Sediment-ignimbrite, green, moderately strong to strong, welded, pyroclastic rock Fragments of various origin from angular and subangular, welded from sandy tuffaceous matrix	54	(R)	100	57/0/0/0			
	56	UCS=11 MPa UCS=20 MPa	56	(R)	100	52/31/17/0			
	58		58	(R)	100	64/41/36/30			
	60	UCS=11 MPa UCS=20 MPa	60	(R)	100	Qc = 0,7 - 3 $Q = \frac{64}{6.9} \times \frac{1.2}{3.4} \times \frac{1}{2.5}$			
	62	Lower limit of welded ignimbrite Weakness at layer contact	62	(R)	100	72/61/61/61			
	64	Sandstone - dark grey and green, moderately weak and weak, poorly cemented coarse grained sandstone, weak to moderately weak rock TS=2,4 MPa	64	(R)	100	93/93/93/93			
	66	Conglomerate, fragments of various shape and different rock types. Green sandy matrix, moderately strong rock	66	(R)	68	52/0/0/0			
	68	Sandstone with scattered pebbles in a sandy matrix, stratified sandy and silty, clayous zones Weak rock	68	(R)	29	22/0/0/0			
189,8	70	UCS=14 MPa UCS=31 MPa TS=3,0 MPa	70	(R)	100	65/55/0/0			>>30 LU at 4 bar
	72	Tholeiite basalt, scoriaceous basalt, medium grey, moderately strong, very porous and vesicular, vesicles about 20%, half filled with black clay Strong contact	72	(N)	96	92/68/52/0			
	74	Basaltic dyke, medium grey, very hard and strong, moderately jointed, possibly a dyke sheet	74	(N)	100	68/41/27/0			
	76	The basalt is highly jointed in the lower part Sharp boundary	76	(N)	96	Qc = 0,7 - 3 $Q = \frac{68}{6.9} \times \frac{1.2}{3.4} \times \frac{1}{2.5}$			
	78	Sediment, tuffaceous sandstone-siltstone, clayous weak rock. Stratified brown/grey clayous tuffaceous, weak to very weak not sharp boundary	78	(N)	100	47/29/29/0			
	80	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey, very well compressed and consolidated, medium strong-strong rock	80	(N)	100	80/0/0/0			
	82	Tholeiite basalt, medium-dark grey, very hard and brittle, very strong intact rock. Joints moderately to closely spaced, rough, undulating, coated with black clay	82	(N)	100	57/0/0/0			
	84	UCS=345 MPa	84	(N)	100	86/72/63/38			
	86	Joints moderately and closely spaced, coated and cemented with black clay, additionally a pattern of thin black veins og joints healed with black clay	86	(N)	100	57/43/33/20			
	88	Diffuse boundary	88	(N)	99	Q = 4 - 10 $Q = \frac{57}{9.10} \times \frac{2.3}{2.3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
182,1	90	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey and redbrown, very well compressed and consolidated, moderately strong rock. Very few original joints but breaks during drilling and handling	90	(N)	100	31/16/0/0			>>40 LU at 4 bar
	92	90,3 m Open joints and coreloss, the rock seems to be crushed by tectonic and recemented. Heavy leakage from the hole	92	(N)	100	0/0/0/0			
	94	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey, very hard and brittle, very strong intact rock, but highly jointed. About 3-5% vesicles fills with black clay. Zones with close micropore flowbanding	94	(N)	100	43/0/0/0			
	96	Intensely jointed and crushed rock	96	(N)	100	18/0/0/0			
	98	Compedent massive basalt, widely spaced joints, rough undulating coated with black clay	98	(N)	100	Qc = 5 - 20 $Q = \frac{79}{6.10} \times \frac{2.3}{2.3} \times \frac{1}{1}$			
	100	Compedent massive basalt, widely spaced joints, rough undulating coated with black clay. Vesicles 2-4%, filled with black clay, faint micropore flow banding	100	(N)	100	79/72/63/63			
	159,1	UCS=345 MPa	100	(N)	100	91/86/86/86			
	168,4	Joints moderately and closely spaced, coated and cemented with black clay, additionally a pattern of thin black veins og joints healed with black clay	100	(N)	100	108/108/0/0			
	182,1	UCS=345 MPa	100	(N)	86	58/23/23/0			
	205,8	UCS=345 MPa	100	(N)	95	43/0/0/0			
205,8	UCS=345 MPa	100	(N)	100	48/39/39/0				
205,8	UCS=345 MPa	100	(N)	100	94/44/64/39				
205,8	UCS=345 MPa	100	(N)	97	61/35/29/8				
205,8	UCS=345 MPa	100	(N)	100	Qc = 4 - 11 $Q = \frac{61}{9.10} \times \frac{2.3}{2.3} \times \frac{1}{1}$				

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF-07	Depth	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10 / 30 / 50 / 100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
159,1	100	Tholeiite basalt, light grey core, very hard and strong intact rock but very brittle, vesicles 2-3% filled with black clay. K-15	100		100	68/51/17/0			
	102		102		97	61/35/29/8			
	104	Subvertical and steeply inclined joints, joints rough, undulating, coated with black clay The basalt is intensely jointed over the base	104		100	35/22/0/0			
	104	Scoriaceous basalt	100		100	54/54/54/0			
153,8	106	Sediment sandstone-conglomerate, red brown, moderately strong, fragments of various rock types, mainly angular. Well cemented in sandy matrix. Very few original joints UCS=67 MPa UCS=36 MPa 6,6 kN UCS=36 MPa 38,3 MPa TS=9,7 MPa K-15	106		100	100/100/100/100	74/54/49/49		
	108		108		100		QC = 4 - 8 Q = 74 x 2-3 x 1 / 6-9 x 3-4 x 1		
	110	Sediment, tuffaceous claystone, vaxy surface on core, stratified of various colour, brown and green. Light green zone of pumic 0,4 m, weak, vaxy rock TS=1,0 MPa UCS=14 MPa	110		99		QC = 0,4 - 1,6		
	112	Scoriaceous basalt, dark purple-brown, well compressed and consolidated, moderately strong rock About 10% pores, half filled with zeolites 4,5 kN UCS=25,9 MPa K-16	112		100	51/11/0/0 0/0/0/0			
	114		114		100	93/93/93/93	76/69/61/61		
	116	Tholeiite basalt, medium grey, very hard, brittle and strong intact rock, moderately to highly jointed, joints rough K-17	116		100	42/23/0/0			
	118	Sediment, dark brown tuffaceous claystone, very weak and erodes during drilling UCS=27 MPa UCS=28 MPa 1,8 kN UCS=28 MPa 10,2 MPa TS=2,3 MPa K-18	118		73	0/0/0/0	QC = 0,6 - 1,4 Q = 54 x 1-2 x 1 / 6-9 x 3-4 x 2,5		
	120	Sandstone-agglomerate, dark brown tuff, sandy matrix with various fragments of pebbles, moderately weak rock Brown and green tuffaceous claystone, weak and very weak vaxy rock UCS=4 MPa UCS=9 MPa UCS=8 MPa	120		90	54/39/39/39			
140,1	120	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey, well compressed and consolidated, mainly moderately strong with some weak zones K-17	120		100	56/22/0/0			
	122	Tholeiite basalt, light grey core, very hard and strong but brittle K-18	122		100	73/47/24/0			
	124	Intensely jointed zone, crushed rock More competent rock	124		100	91/73/48/0			
	126	Joints medium to closely spaced, in addition to thin black veins of joints, healed with black clay Joints rough, undulating, coated with black clay. K-18 K-19	126		98	64/24/24/0	65/28/28/0		
	128	Vesicles 1-3% filled with black clay Very few joints in the lowest part of the hole 19,8 kN UCS=118 MPa K-19	128		97	79/29/29/0	QC = 4 - 11 Q = 65 x 2-3 x 1 / 9-10 x 2-3 x 1		
129,7	130	Bottom of hole 124,43 m 10th of July 2008	130						
	132		132						
	134		134						
	136		136						
	138		138						
	140		140						
	142		142						
	144		144						
	146		146						
	148		148						
	150		150						

>>30 LU at 4 bar

Elev. m a.s.l.	Depth m	Description of corehole NF - 08	Depth m	Rock column	Core %	RQD % 10/30/50/100	QC	GWT	Perm. (LU) 2,5 5,0 7,5
175,8	0	The hole is drilled at the base of a steep slope Percussion drilling with 3 1/2" steel casing down to 6,2 m depth No core from this part of the hole	0					##, #m	
	2		2						
	4		4						
	6	Rock surface near 5 m depth Core drilling with NQ core barrel from 6,2 m	6		100	19/0/0/0			
169,8	8	Tholeiite basalt , medium grey (light grey core), very hard and strong intact rock but highly jointed with medium to very close joint spacing. Joints rough undulating, coated with black clay. Small pores 2-3% filled with black clay. Micropore flow banding, closely spaced flow bands	8	(N)	100	0/0/0/0			
	10	$\frac{9}{22,2 \text{ kN}} \frac{132 \text{ MPa}}{\Delta}$	10		43	33/0/0/0	14/3/0/0		
	12	Sediment , clayeous siltstone-sandstone, weak and very weak, dark red and brown at top but mainly green voxy clayeous, tuffaceous rock	12		0	0/0/0/0			
	14	Scoriaceous basalt, dark grey and dark red grey, very well compressed and consolidated moderately strong rock	14		77	7/0/0/0	16/0/0/0		
162	16	$\frac{8}{2,5 \text{ kN}} \frac{14,2 \text{ MPa}}{\Delta}$	16	(R)	100	0/0/0/0	29/0/0/0		
	18	Porous scoriaceous basalt	18		100	92/62/62/62			
	20	Unclear boundary	20		100	79/44/44/18	82/53/53/0		
	22	Tholeiite basalt , medium grey, very hard and strong but highly jointed and broken at subvertical joints	22		100	82/53/53/0	QC = 5 - 26		
	24	$\frac{7}{4,4 \text{ kN}} \frac{25,3 \text{ MPa}}{\Delta}$	24		100	52/0/0/0	$Q = \frac{79}{6 \cdot 10} \times \frac{2 \cdot 4}{2 \cdot 3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
	26	Tholeiite basalt , medium grey, porous and vesicular moderately strong rock. Pores and vesicles 10-15%, half filled with black clay The basalt is highly jointed, joints mainly closely spaced, rough undulating, coated with black clay	26	(R)	100	0/0/0/0	48/41/25/0		
	28	Scoriaceous zones like this, is common in tholeiite for central volcano type	28		100	61/48/48/0	89/89/0/0		
	30	Tholeiite basalt , medium grey, porous and vesicular moderately strong rock. Pores and vesicles 10-15%, half filled with black clay	30		100	80/33/0/0			
	32	$\frac{8}{20,1 \text{ kN}} \frac{120 \text{ MPa}}{\Delta}$	32	(R)	100	109/0/0/0	48/24/0/0		
	34	Scoriaceous zone Vesicular basalt	34		100	73/32/0/0	58/53/26/0		
	36	Scoriaceous zone Tholeiite basalt , medium grey, porous and vesicular moderately strong rock. Pores and vesicles 10-15%, half filled with black clay and white zeolites	36		100	46/32/10/0	55/29/18/0		
	38	Basaltic dyke , hard and strong intact rock, medium grey, 1-2% small vesicles filled with black clay Joints medium to closely spaced, undulating, coated with black clay	38		100	41/17/0/0	9/0/0/0		
	40	Faint subvertical micropore flow banding	40	(A)	100	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0		
	42	$\frac{9}{22,6 \text{ kN}} \frac{135 \text{ MPa}}{\Delta}$	42		100	79/25/0/0	47/37/0/0		
133,3	44	Bottom of hole at 42,53 m depth 13th of July 2008	44		100	90/70/24/0			
	46		46						
	48		48						
	50		50						

2,5 LU
at
4 bar